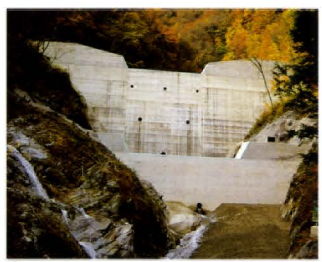


凡例	
	県界
	市界
	町界
	村界
	市役所支所
	国土交通省富士川砂防事務所白州出張所
	砂防えん堤
	床固群
	神社
	寺
	名勝
	砂防指定地
	土石流危険渓流Ⅰ
	土石流危険渓流Ⅱ
	雨量観測所
	基準点
	補助基準点
	国道
	県道
	村道
	神社
	寺



④ 流川流路工 Nagaregawa channel work  
上空から見た延長2.0kmからなる流川流路工。  
Sky view picture of the 2.0 km long Nagaregawa channel work.



③ 神宮川第三砂防えん堤 Jingu-gawa No.3 Sabo dam  
現在、神宮川の最も上流に位置する砂防えん堤。  
The sabo dam is presently located at the most upstream area.



⑤ 濁川流路工 Nigorigawa channel work  
昭和43年頃、省力化を図るため、現場監督がビデオカメラを使い、工事。  
Around 1968, the video camera was used for cost reduction to direct the construction.



⑥ 尾白川下流砂防えん堤 Ojiragawa Karyu Sabo dam  
昭和35年に完成したえん堤に補強、耐震対策を行い、かつ観水水位が高まるよう修繕がなされた砂防えん堤。  
The reinforcing work for reinforcement and anti-earthquake feature was performed to the dam completed in 1963. A good accessibility to the river was also concerned during renovation of the sabo dam.



⑦ 尾白川床固群 Ojiragawa groundfills  
尾白川合流点から尾白川下流砂防えん堤までの間に下流側を山腹側、上流側を国土交通省が施工した床固群。  
This groundfill was constructed between the merge point with Kanagawa river and the Ojiragawa Karyu sabo dam. The lower stream side was done by the Yamana-shi prefecture, and the upper stream side was done by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport.



⑧ 篠沢第三砂防えん堤 Shirosawa No.3 Sabo dam  
白州出張所管内でも最も高い大規模砂防えん堤。  
This is the large size sabo dam with most vertical height in the Hakushi branch office area.



⑨ 大妻川砂防えん堤 Ohmukawa Sabo dam  
昭和34年災害を受け、特殊緊急砂防事業として整備された砂防えん堤。  
This sabo dam was constructed as a special emergency sabo work after the disaster in 1959.



⑩ 大妻川床固群 Ohmukawa groundfills  
各種魚道、フレンドパークむかわ、龍弦など自然環境を活かし、地域づくりと一体となり整備。  
Concerning the natural environment, the various fishways, the Friend Park Mukawa, and Fugen were constructed harmonizing with the local development plan.



⑪ 大妻川床固群(石室川) Ohmukawa groundfills(Ishitorogawa)  
上流には風光明媚な精進ヶ滝があり、河岸にはカワセミも棲む豊かな周辺の環境と調和した施設づくり。  
There is a good sightseeing area. Shojigataki waterfall, at the upstream. The facility was constructed with a good balance among the nature where kingfishers reside near the banks.



⑫ 石室川第六砂防えん堤 Ishitorogawa No.6 Sabo dam  
構造物表面に河床の巨石を積み、景観に配慮した砂防えん堤。  
This sabo dam has actual river stones on the structure surface for environmental concerns.



⑬ 大妻川第二砂防えん堤 Ohtanasawa No.2 Sabo dam  
関東地方整備局初の鋼製格子砂防えん堤。  
This is the first steel-pipe gridded sabo dam in the Kanto Regional Development Bureau.



⑭ 青木床固群 Aoki groundfills  
現地発生巨石を型枠替わりとし、コスト削減を図り、なおかつ現地環境に合うよう整備および計画されている床固群。  
This facility is being prepared and planned by utilizing the locally found stones as the formwork for cost reduction as well as for local environment concerns.



⑮ 小妻川第一砂防えん堤 Komikawa No.1 Sabo dam  
昭和34年災害の直後に建設された大規模砂防えん堤で、昭和57年出水で調節効果を発揮した。  
The large underdrain sabo dam was constructed after the disaster in 1959. The dam well displayed the sediment control effect during the heavy rain in 1982.